

SALES BY AUCTION.

Stated Sales

For DRY GOODS.

Forenoon—Edward Fox, No. 56, South Front-street.
Afternoon—Footman & Co. No. 65 South Front-street.
Monday
Forenoon—John Connelly, Old City Auction, No. 73 South Front-street.
Afternoon—William Shannon, No. 183 High-street.
Tuesday
Forenoon—Peter Benson, No. 74 South Third-street.
Afternoon—Edward Fox.
Wednesday
Forenoon—John Connelly.
Afternoon—William Shannon.
Thursday
Forenoon—John Connelly.
Afternoon—Peter Benson.
Friday
Forenoon—John Connelly.
Afternoon—Peter Benson.
Saturday

For HAMBURG.

THE Copper Bottomed Ship FAVORITE, JOHN THOMPSON, Master, now at Bright's wharf, and will be ready to take in on Monday next, part of her cargo being engaged and ready to go on board. The ship is so well known, that it is needless to describe her. She is now in complete order. For Freight or Passage, please to apply at Mr. Jeremiah Warder's Compting House, No. 12, North Third Street, or to the Master on board.
August 30.

For SALE.

On board the said Ship, Swedish Iron, assorted Hollow and Window Glafs, Demyjohns, Wrapping Paper for Sugar Refiners, Rugs of 1 & 2 Quality. Please to apply as above.
wf&mdw

White Havana Sugar.

1461 boxes of very superior quality, now discharged, 75 hhds., ing from the ship Hamburg Packet, at Walnut Street wharf—and for sale by
Philip Nicklin & Co.

N. B.

THE SHIP
Hamburg Packet,
SILAS SWAIN, Master,
For Sale, or Charter.
Aug. 24. cotf

COMMISSIONERS' SALES.

THE Commissioners of the counties of Lycoming and Northumberland, have given notice that they intend to proceed to the sale of lands, for the arrears of taxes, on the 7th of September next.
The different printers in this city will render an efficient service to a great number of individuals by publishing this notice.
Aug. 18.

FOR SALE.

BRETAGNES in cases
German Checks in do.
Cambrick
Plattillas
Oznabrigs
Gold and silver Watches
Window Glafs to 8
Glafs Tumblers in cases
Lined Oil in cases, &c. &c.
George Pennock,
103, High-Street.
July 5. 3aw

NOTICE.

IF THEO'D'HARA, who some years since kept School at the Nine Bridges, Queen's County, Eastern Shore, Maryland, be living, he is hereby reminded to call on, or write to, the Rev. Ambrose Marshall, near Warwick, Cecil County, Eastern Shore, Maryland, from whom he will receive interesting information.
August 4. mw&fw

THE SUBSCRIBERS.

ASSIGNEES OF JAMES GREENLEAF, HEREBY give notice, that they have disposed of the property assigned to them for the securing the payment of the notes, acceptances, and endorsements given by Edward Fox, for the use of the said James Greenleaf; and the holders of such notes, acceptances, and endorsements, are hereby notified that the subscribers will settle with them for the amount of their respective claims, both PRINCIPAL and INTEREST, at any time before the 20th day of October next; after which day, the holders not applying, will be excluded, agreeably to the terms of assignment.
Applications to be made at south-east corner of Dock and Second Streets (the Dock-Street side), between the hours of eleven and one o'clock every day, Sundays excepted.
Henry Pratt,
Tho. W. Francis,
John Miller, Jun.
John Ashley,
Jacob Baker.
Philadelphia, August 18, 1797. d

The Inhabitants of the District of Southwark.

ARE informed that a Coach is provided, to be kept at the Contables' office, the north east corner of Front and Almond Streets, where the friends of those sick persons who desire to be removed to the City Hospital, are requested to make application—Allo, a Hearle will be kept in readiness for the removal of the dead.
JONATHAN PENROSE.

N. B.—The Poor, who wish to remove to the Tents on Schuylkill, may be furnished with orders by applying as above.
Aug. 29

Imported in the latest arrivals from Amsterdam and Hamburg, and for sale by
B. & J. BOHLEN,

A large assortment of fine French Cambrics, Plattillas, Ruffia and Dutch failcloth, Britanniass, Writing, post, and printing paper, Rouanes, Dutch calf skin, Prime madder, Shell'd Barley, Looking glasses, Hollow glass ware, Slates, Coffee mills, Brafs kettles, Scythes and straw knives, Toys assorted in boxes, Best Holland Gin in pipes, London particular Madeira Wine
July 24. m&thtf

This Day Published,

And to be sold by WILLIAM YOUNG, corner of Second and Chestnut Streets,
Price 3-8ths of a Dollar.

Observations on certain Documents

Contained in No. V and VI of
"The History of the United States for the year 1796,"

In which the CHARGE of SPECULATION against
ALEXANDER HAMILTON,
Late SECRETARY of the TREASURY, is FULLY
REFUTED.

WRITTEN BY HIMSELF.

This publication presents a concise statement of the bare means practised by the Jacobins of the United States to asperse the characters of those persons who are considered as hostile to their disorganizing schemes. It also contains the correspondence between Mr. Hamilton and Messrs. Monroe, Muhlenburgh and Venable, on the subject of the documents aforesaid, and a series of letters from James Reynolds and his wife to Mr. Hamilton, proving beyond the possibility of a doubt, that the connection between him and Reynolds, was the result of a daring conspiracy on the part of the latter and his associates to extort money.
A discount of one third from the retail price will be made in favor of wholesale purchasers, for CASH. Orders to be addressed to Mr. YOUNG.
August 25.

The Norfolk Mail STAGE.

THIS Stage starts from the GEORGE Tavern, at the corner of Second and Arch Streets, in Philadelphia, every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, at 3 o'clock, in the morning; arrives at Dover the first day, at Snowhill the second day, at Northampton Court House the third day, and on the morning of the fourth day the passengers find a safe and comfortable packet to convey them to Norfolk.

A packet leaves Norfolk for Northampton ferry, every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, and the Stage starts from this ferry for Philadelphia, every Monday, Wednesday and Friday; stops at Snow Hill the first night, at Dover the 2d night, and arrives in Philadelphia in the evening of the third day.
The distance on this route, between Philadelphia and Norfolk, is 30 miles less than on any stage route between those places.
Too much cannot be said in favor of the road, which is most excellent indeed. The proprietors willingly engage to return the whole fare to any passenger, who, after having performed this route, will say that he ever travelled in a stage for the same distance, so good a road in America.
August 11. dtm.cotf.

Philadelphia, 15th July, 1797.

NOTICE is hereby given, that separate proposals with sealed covers will be received at my office until the eleventh day of September next, to furnish by contract the following articles for the use of the Army of the United States in the year 1798.

First Contract for
8 Sergeants coats
2 Musicians, do.
10 Sergeants vests
126 Privates coats
126 Privates vests
64 Sergeants coats
32 Musicians, do.
96 Sergeants vests
192 Woolen overalls
192 Linen overalls
936 Privates coats
936 do. vests
1872 Linen do.
144 Sergeants coats
72 Musicians, do.
216 Sergeants vests
432 Linen overalls
432 Woolen do.
1893 Privates coats
1893 do. vests
3784 Woolen overalls
3784 Linen do.
2d Contract, for 1288 Sergeants shirts
11816 Privates do.
12600 Socks
3d Contract, for 272 pair leather breeches
272 pair boots
4600 pair shoes, No. 1
8000 pair do. No. 2
4th Contract, for 1032 Artillerists and Engineers hats
2108 Infantry do.
136 Dragoon caps
The whole to be delivered at the city of Philadelphia, viz.
One fourth on or before the 15th day of February next.
One fourth on or before the 15th day of April next.
The remaining half on or before the 15th day of June next.
The articles are to be agreeable to such patterns as shall be directed by the Secretary for the Department of War.
Payments to be made as soon as the article shall be delivered, and passed inspection.
TENCH FRANCIS, Purveyor.
cotf 11th Sep.

Young Hyson Tea.

40 chests of a superior quality—Allo, 100 do. of Hyson,
Imported in the Woodrop Sims, and for sale by the subscribers, corner of Second and Pine Street.
C. Haight.
cotf

June 27.

Imported in the ship Pigou,
And for sale by John Morton, No. 116, South Front-street.

Hyson
Hyson Skin
Young Hyson
Imperial
TEAS
April 20. cotf

Chocolate and Mustard

Manufactured as usual,
Ginger and Pepper ground
Shelled or Pearl Barley
Philadelphia Porter, Beer, Ale and Cyder
London Porter
Taunton and Burton Ale
Red Port and other Wines, either bottled, or by the pipe, quarter-cask or gallon—suitable for exportation or home consumption—
For Sale by
John Haworth.
No. 98 South Front Street

Five Hundred Dollars Reward.

A ROBBERY!

THE subscriber's dwelling house, in Chestnut-street, was broken open some time since Friday last, and plundered of property, the value of which cannot as yet be ascertained. The robbers gained admission by breaking open a window shutter in the second story of the back part of the house, and afterwards forced almost every lock therein. The above reward will be paid for the restoration of such property as they may have taken, or proportionably for any part thereof, and a prosecution of the person or persons concerned to conviction.
JONATHAN MEREDITH.
Sept. 12. dtf

L O S T,

ON the Passyunk Road, between the Blue Ball and the city, a Fowling Piece, with a brass barrel and flint; on the plate of the butt are the letters "Jamaica, Q 399"—and on the barrel near the lock "London"; and the Tower stamp. Whoever will return the said piece to John Bernard, at the sign of the Blue Ball on the Passyunk Road, or the office of this Gazette, shall receive a reward of Four French Crowns,
Sept. 12. 3t

DUTY ON CARRIAGES.

Notice is hereby Given,

THAT agreeably to an act of Congress of the United States of America, passed at Philadelphia, the 28th day of May, 1796; laying duties on Carriages, for the conveyance of persons, which shall be kept by or for any person, for his or her own use, or to let out to hire, or for the conveyance of passengers, the several duties and rates following, to wit:

For and upon every Coach, 15 dols.
upon every Chariot, 12 dols.
upon every Post Chaise, 12 dols.
upon every Phaeton, with or without top, 9 dols.
upon every Coach, 9 dols.
upon other Carriages, having panel work above, with blinds, glafs or curtains, 9 dols.
upon four wheeled Carriages, having framed posts and tops with steel springs, 6 dols.
upon four wheeled Carriages, with wooden or iron springs or jacks, 3 dols.
upon Carriages with tops, 3 dols.
upon Chairs with tops, 3 dols.
upon other two wheel topcarriages, 3 dols.
upon two wheel carriages, with steel or iron springs, 3 dols.
For and upon all other two wheel carriages, 2 dols.
upon every four wheeled carriage, having framed posts and tops, and reeling up on wooden spars, 2 dols.
The Collectors of the Revenue for the first Survey of the District of Pennsylvania, will attend daily, until the 30th day of September next, for the purpose of receiving the duties on Carriages, at Germantown; at the house of Daniel St. Clair, Esq. in the County of Montgomery; and at the house of James Chapman, Esq. in the County of Bucks; of which all persons possessed of such Carriages are desired to take notice.

Notice is also given,

TO all retail dealers in Wines, and foreign distilled spirituous liquors, that licences will be granted to them; one licence for carrying on the business of retailing of Wines, in a less quantity, or in less quantities than thirty gallons—and one licence for carrying on the business of retailing spirituous liquors in less quantities than 20 gallons, at the same time and at the same places, by the officers legally authorized to grant such licences.
WILLIAM NICHOLS,
Inspector of the Revenue of the first Survey of the District of Pennsylvania.
Office of Inspection at
Germantown, 12th Sept. 1797. dtm

IMPORTED

In the ship America, James Ewing, master, from
Hamburg,
Brown Holland
White Plattillas
Tickenburgs
Coarce Linens
Tapes
Looking Glafs
Glafs Tumblers
in cases.
FOR SALE BY
George Pennock.
Aug. 14. 3aw

An elegant House in Arch Street.
TO be let and entered on immediately a large and elegant house at the Corner of Arch and Ninth Street. There are two drawing rooms and one dining room—the largest is 31 feet by 6—and two are so connected by folding doors as to make but one. Also, five bed rooms, besides 5 in the garret, well finished for servants. There are stables and a coach house, with every convenience for a family. Enquire at No. 29, in North Seventh street, or at No. 218, Arch Street.
Aug. 15. 2aw3w.

PETER BORGER,

INFORMS his friends and the public in general that he has removed from No. 129, corner of Arch and Fourth, to No. 105 North Front, between Arch and Race Streets.
July 5. 2aw4w

Rofs & Simson,

—HAVE FOR SALE—
Hogheads,
Tiers, and
Barrels.
Excellent Coffee in
A small parcel of nice cocoa in bags
A few puncheons Jamaica Spirits, fourth proof
Superior Teneriffe wine, old and in Madeira pipes
An invoice of jewellery and hosiery to be sold by the package
A few hampers best English cheese.
July 27. dtf

Insurance Company of North America.

THE Stockholders in this company are hereby informed, that, pursuant to the fifth clause of their Charter, and at the request of a "Number of Stockholders, who, together, are proprietors of Six Thousand Shares, and upwards," a general meeting of the Stockholders will be held at the Company's Office, on Monday the 25th day of September next, at 11 o'clock, A. M. for the purpose of filling up a vacancy in their Direction; and taking into consideration such Regulations or Bye Laws as may be presented in conformity with the Charter of Incorporation.
EBEN. HAZARD, Sec'y.
July 20. w&th25

Insurance Company of the State of Pennsylvania.

THE Office will be kept until further notice at the School House in Germantown. The Company still retain the rooms in Chestnut, above Seventh street, where a person will attend to receive and give answers to applications, every day from 10 until 1 o'clock.
Sept. 13. dtm

Bank of North America,

September 8th, 1797.

ON Monday next the Notices for all Notes or Bills payable at this Bank, which fall due on that and the ensuing 6 days, will be served on the Payers: And the like Notices on every Monday, till the further orders of the Directors.—Persons wishing to deposit Notes or Bills for Collection, which are to fall due within the week, must themselves undertake to give notice to the Payers.
dtf

TO BE SOLD,

And immediate possession given,
A convenient well finished Brick Farmstead, with a cook house and other out houses, situated in a pleasant part of the borough of Wilmington, in the State of Delaware.—The lot of ground has forty feet front on West-street, and extends through the square to Pasture-street, on which is erected a stable and carriage house.
ALLEN MLANE.
Wilmington, Aug. 30.

Red Port Wine.

Just arrived, by the brig Iris, capt Rhodes, from Oporto,
Red Port Wine in pipes, hhds. and quarter casks.
6c cwt. Cork, for sale by
Philips, Cramond, & Co.
July 21. 5

The Partnership,

UNDER the firm of FREEMAN & Company, is dissolved by mutual consent. All persons having any demands against the said House are desired to render the same to T. B. Freeman, and those indebted to the House are desired to make payment to him.—By whom business will in future be carried on, at his Store, No. 39, South Front-street.
August 7. eod4w

NOTICE.

ALL those who have any claims against the estate of JOHN COLE, Umbrella Maker, late deceased, will apply within a month from the date hereof, to Mrs. Cole, at the fourth east corner of Green and Second Streets, for their arrangement.
N. B. If all demands are not sent in before the expiration of the above mentioned time, they will not be allowed, as his property will be disposed of.
Sept. 9. 3t

Imported in the ship MANCHESTER,
BENJAMIN SHEWELL, Master,
From Bourdeaux, and for sale by the subscriber,
No. 11, Walnut Street.

Bourdeaux Brandy
Irish market claret in cases } Entitled to
Medoc wine, in do. } Drawback.
Sauterne, do. do. }

Thomas Murgatroyd.

WHO HAS FOR SALE.

Sherry Wine in pipes and quarter casks
Rota do. do.
Pimento in bags
4000 bushels Liverpool salt.
Aug. 24. tut&stf.

A PERSON OF INGENUITY, lately arrived from Europe, wishes to find here a place in the quality of a Director of a Glass-house, Chrysal of all kinds, having particular means for the construction of the kilns, pots, &c. and possessing likewise the articles used in the Glass houses of England and France, having worked a long while in most of them. Every exertion will be made to render the manufactory deserving of public approbation.—He, who wishes to speak to him, will find him at No. 275 Front-street.
August 24. 4t

For sale or to be let on ground-rent,

Available Lot of Ground;
SITUATE on the north-east corner of Water-street and Fifth Streets, fronting the State-House square. This lot is fifty-one feet front on Walnut street, and one hundred and thirteen feet and an half on Fifth street; there are at present two small two story brick houses, and a number of small tenements thereon.
Also, for Sale,
Two three story Brick Houses
With convenient stores, wharf, &c. situate on Water-street, between Mulberry and Saffras streets, containing in front on Water street fifty-four feet, and continuing that breadth eastward ninety-five feet, then widening to the south thirteen feet six inches. These houses are the convenience of a public alley adjoining on the north side, and are a very desirable situation for a merchant, flour factor, or others who may have occasion for storage of goods. This property will be sold on very reasonable terms for cash. For further information apply to the printer.
July 31. m&wtf

The Subscriber has for Sale,
A large assortment of India Mullins,
coarse and fine
India Calicoes
Sooty Romalls
Blue Cloths and Checks
Bandanna Handkerchiefs
Blue red and Gilli Handkerchiefs
An invoice of Irish Linens and Sheetings, well assorted
A box of Diapers
Silk Umbrellas
Two boxes of fine Spices, containing Nutmegs, Mace and Cloves
Black Pepper of first quality
East India Ginger
Java Sugar
A quantity of Madeira Wine
Ditto of Gin
Roll Brimstone.
Mordecai Lewis.
August 12. 3awim

Cedar Shingles.

THE subscriber has a quantity of 3 feet Cedar Shingles of a superior quality, for sale at 13 dollars per thousand.
William Hallorwell,
No. 193 North Third-street.
July 27. cot18t

THOMAS HERMAN LEUFFER,
North Fifth street, corner of North alley, No. 34.
HAS FOR SALE,

EXCELLENT red Bourdeaux Wine in cases and boxes, six years old
White Graves Wine in cases
Tickenburgs
Ruffia Sail Cloths
Ravens Duck
Bag Linen
Hoffmans
Diaper and Table Cloth
Empty bags
Common German Cloth
An assortment of black coloured Ribbons
Fine German Laces
About twelve tons Ruffia clean Hemp
Clover Seed
Italian Soap, in small boxes, for family use
Window Glafs
Aug. 23—24w

THIS DAY WAS PUBLISHED,
And for sale by THOMAS DOBSON, at the
Stone House, No. 41, fourth Second street;

EVENINGS AT HOME;

OR, THE JUVENILE BUDGET OPENED.
Consisting of a variety of Miscellaneous Pieces for the instruction and amusement of YOUNG PERSONS—Six Volumes handsomely printed and bound up in two volumes, price 2 s. 6 d. each.

The variety and excellence of these pieces are such, that the book needs only to be known to be universally esteemed one of the most valuable publications that can be put into the hands of young persons.

"Delightful tale to rear the tender thought,
To teach the young idea how to shoot,
To pour the fresh instruction o'er the mind,
To breathe the enlivening spirit, and to fix
The generous purpose in the glowing breast."
THOMSON.
August 24. mw4w

THIS DAY IS PUBLISHED,
By THOMAS DOBSON, at the Stone House,
No. 41, fourth Second street,
Letters and Conversations,

Between several Young Ladies, on improving and interesting subjects.
Translated from the Dutch of Madame de Camille with alterations and improvements,
Printed on fine paper, and neatly bound,
Price one dollar.

AMIDST the tide of modern Romances, painting tales of extraordinary distress, or of desperate or artful villainy, which "harrow up the soul," and which it would be for the honor of young ladies to be ignorant of, this little book comes forward to solicit notice, where, in a variety of incidents, not exceeding the bounds of real life, the proper, beautiful, elegant and natural dignity and importance of the female character is exhibited in an interesting point of view, and presents examples of real and attainable excellence.

The publisher was so much pleased with the perusal, that he was persuaded he should do a pleasing service to the community by sending it in a circulation.
August 24—mw4w

To Masters and Pilots bringing up Vessels from Foreign Ports to this City.

Whereas sundry infringements have lately been made on the laws of this state for the preventing pestilential or infectious diseases, either from ignorance or intention thereto, it is tho' expedient at this time to publish the following extracts from the laws of 22d April, 1794, 7th and 8th sections.

HEALTH-OFFICE.

June 6th, 1794.

Extract of an act for securing the city and port of Philadelphia from the introduction of pestilential and contagious diseases.

Sec. 7. And he is further enacted, that every master or captain of any ship or vessel coming from sea (vessels actually employed in the coasting trade excepted) and bound to any port or place within the jurisdiction of Pennsylvania, shall cause his ship or vessel to be brought to anchor, or otherwise stayed in the stream of the river Delaware, opposite to the Health-Office on State-Island aforesaid, and there to remain until he shall have duly obtained a certificate or bill of health from the Resident Physician. And it, previously to obtaining such certificate or bill of health, any master or captain shall suffer his ship or vessel to approach nearer than the said Health-Office to the city of Philadelphia, or shall land, cause or suffer to be landed, or brought on shore, at any place or port within this Commonwealth, or at any other port or place, with the intent of being conveyed into this Commonwealth, any person or persons, or any goods, wares or merchandise, or, if after receiving such bill of health or certificate, he shall neglect or refuse to deliver the same to the Health-Office, such master or captain shall forfeit and pay, for each and every such offence, the sum of five hundred dollars.

And the captain or master of every ship or vessel shall send a safe and commodious boat to bring the physician on board, and shall in like manner convey him back to the Health-Office, after he has concluded his official examination; And while he is making such examination, or in case any subsequent examination by the Health Officer or Consulting Physician, agreeably to the directions of this act, the master or captain shall expose or cause to be exposed to the search of the Resident Physician, or of the Health Officer and Consulting Physician (as the case may be) each and every part of the ship or vessel, and shall present to his view each and every person or persons on board thereof, and shall also true and satisfactory answers, make to all such questions as the Resident Physician, &c. at the time of examination shall ask relative to the health of any port or place from which the ship or vessel failed, or has since touched at—the number of persons on board when the ship or vessel entered on her voyage—the number of persons that have since been landed or taken on board, and when and where respectively—what persons on board—if they have been during the voyage, or shall, at the time of examination, be infected with any pestilential or contagious disease—and what is the present state and condition of the persons on board with respect to their health or diseases. And if any master or captain shall refuse to expose as aforesaid, to the search of any of the officers aforesaid, or if he shall conceal any sick person, or in any other manner deceive the proper officers aforesaid in his answers, such captain or master, for every such offence, shall forfeit and pay the sum of five hundred dollars.

Sec. 8. And if any person or persons whatsoever (the Resident Physician, &c. excepted) shall go on board any vessel, before the master thereof has received a certificate of health in the manner directed, every person so offending, shall pay the sum of one hundred dollars.

IT being absolutely necessary that the foregoing sections should be punctually complied with, the subscriber, in compliance with his duty, must exact a rigorous observance of the same, or else be under the necessity of putting the laws in force.

W. M. ALLEN, Health Officer of the Port of Philadelphia.
July 14. dtf

The Gazette.

PHILADELPHIA,
THURSDAY EVENING, SEPTEMBER 14.

Burlington, Sept. 12th, 1797.

MR. FENNO,

OBSERVING in Brown's paper of the 9th, and Claypoole's of the 7th inst. a false and unfounded publication, reflecting on the people of this city, respecting two vessels arriving here, after laying two or three days at the fort—that the people rose in a mob, cut them from the wharf, and obliged them to drop below the town upon pain of being fired at. The Pilgrim, captain Smith, then at the wharf, was requested to haul off for two days, when she returned and discharged her cargo: the schooner Eutaw, captain Brewster, was ordered to lay off till her quarantine was out, which she should have done at fort Mifflin.

There was no rising of the people; and if the captain or owners are men of truth, they will not say to the reverend. No doubt the people here were uneasy, that the resident physician there should permit vessels from the West-Indies to come here to finish their quarantine.

A PHILADELPHIAN.

AUTHENTIC.

Letter of the Mayor of Burlington to Governor Mifflin, and the Governor's answer.

Burlington, Sept. 4th, 1797.

SIR,

THE anxiety of the inhabitants of this town has been for some days considerably excited by a circumstance which they cannot but consider as contrary to the intention of the legislature of the state over which you preside, and of the letter, as well as spirit of your proclamation of the 15th of August last, which evinces so prudent an attention to the health of the citizens of Pennsylvania, that the corporation of Burlington, on whose behalf I have the honor to address you, rely on your assistance in preventing the introduction of contagious disease into the state of New-Jersey, by any evasion or misconstruction of the laws of Pennsylvania, on which we have hitherto relied for protection from the awful calamity.

Two vessels, now lying at our wharves, have arrived in this port, without complying with the directions of your proclamation—The brig Pilgrim, one of those vessels from Port au Prince, (both the captain and mate of which died, as we are informed, of a contagious disease in the West-Indies,) laid five or six days at the fort, when the resident physician permitted her to depart, having ten passengers aboard, on the mere assurance of the captain and owner that she would proceed to this place. We apprehend the words of your proclamation admit of no discretion with respect to any vessel coming from the West-Indies, but absolutely requiring ten days quarantine. From the annexed copy of a letter from doctor Mease to captain Smith, a discretion appears to have been exercised, and as we learn from the captain on the mere assurance of the owner that she should not go to Philadelphia, although it evidently appears from her papers and by the acknowledgement of the master that she was bound for that port.

The schooner Eutaw, captain Brewster, from Cape Francois, the other of those vessels, performed but four days quarantine, and arrived here at the same time with the Pilgrim, captain Smith. We do not learn that the captain has any written permission from the resident physician at the fort, to proceed hither. Several of the late Philadelphia papers contain the following paragraph: "The schooner Eutaw, Brewster, from Cape Francois, has gone up to Burlington to finish her quarantine." Whether this permission of the resident physician proceeds from an exercise of discretion, or from an opinion that the laws of Pennsylvania do not admit of his detaining a vessel when a verbal assertion is made by an owner or captain, in opposition to her papers, that she is bound to a port in New-Jersey, as has been hinted by the captains now here, we conceive it in no other light, than an evasion of the law, which will, if tolerated, frustrate the intention of the legislature, and may possibly be attended with fatal consequences to us. We have been induced to lay this matter before you, sir, from a confidence that it will receive from you that attention which with pleasure we observe has been extended towards the proper means of preventing the introduction and increase of this destructive disease, and we are the more solicitous that early and decisive measures be adopted, as we learn that several other vessels are daily expected here.

At the same time that a faithful discharge of our duty dictates the propriety of adopting every prudent measure for the safety of our fellow citizens, be assured, sir, that we are affected by the most lively sympathy at the reflections excited by the misfortunes of the citizens of Philadelphia, many of whom are connected with us by the strongest ties of affection and friendship. To those of them, amounting to several hundreds, who have chosen this place as an asylum, we shall feel pleasure to afford every accommodation in our power, and we are persuaded that it is unnecessary to urge their safety, as an additional inducement to the adoption of the most speedy precautions to prevent a future evasion of your laws, and ensure our own safety.

With the highest respect,

I have the honour to be

Your excellency's most obedient servant,

By order of the corporation,

JOSEPH BLOOMFIELD,

Mayor of the city of Burlington.

* Captain SMITH,

I send you a letter from your owner, Mr. Gerard: he desires you will proceed to Burlington immediately, and he will go on board at Kensington, if the tide carries you

so far; you may, therefore, get under way. If you do not reach the city, you are not to land any of your passengers on the Pennsylvania side, as that will subject you to a fine.

Yours,

JAS. MEASE,

Resident Physician of the Port.

August 31, 1797.

SIR,

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter dated yesterday, and to lament the occasion of the alarm, which it very justly expresses, in consequence of a conduct on the part of the Resident Physician of the Health Office of Philadelphia, that is, in my opinion, HIGHLY IRREGULAR. I have directed an enquiry to be immediately instituted into the circumstances of the two cases, to which your letter refers; and you may assure our fellow-citizens of New-Jersey, that any measure which endangers their health or distresses their feelings, can never be sanctioned by the laws of Pennsylvania, and will, as far as my power extends, be effectually prohibited.

Accept my best thanks for the sympathy with which you deplore the affliction of the citizens of Philadelphia, and believe me to be, with great consideration and esteem,

Sir,

Your most obedient, humble servant,

THOMAS MIFFLIN,

Philadelphia, 5th Sept. 1797.

To Joseph Bloomfield, Esq.

Mayor of the City of Burlington.

A BYE LAW of the corporation of the city of Burlington, ORDAINS, "that every captain or master of any vessel coming to the port of Burlington from sea, (vessels actually employed in the coasting trade excepted) shall on his arrival, cause his vessel to be brought to anchor, or otherwise stayed in the stream of the river Delaware, and there remain, until the physician of the port shall have examined into the state of the vessel, her crew and passengers, and permission shall be given to approach the wharves of said city."

"That no permission to haul to any wharf or to land any of the crew, passengers or goods from on board any vessel shall be given until such captain or master shall produce a certificate or written evidence of such vessel having performed the quarantine required by the laws of Pennsylvania—that in all cases, where there is no evidence produced of the quarantine prescribed by the laws of Pennsylvania, having been complied with; the Mayor of the city on report of the same, shall order and direct the time for which such vessel shall perform quarantine in this port, before permission shall be given to lie at any wharf, or for the landing of any of the crew, passengers or goods from on board said vessel; provided, that in no case, a shorter quarantine shall be allowed than that prescribed by the existing laws of Pennsylvania."

I certify the foregoing to be a true extract from the ordinance passed Sept. 6, 1797, for the security of the city of Burlington against the introduction of contagious diseases.

AS: GARDINER, Clerk
of the Corporation.

Mr. FENNO,

With a view of inspiring confidence in blood-letting, in the cure of the yellow fever, I take this method of informing my fellow citizens, that I lost during my late attack of that fever, 176 ounces of blood by twenty-two bleedings in ten days. The efficacy of this valuable remedy was aided by frequent and copious evacuations from my bowels, and a moderate salivation. Thro' the blessing of heaven upon the above remedies I am now, and have been, in a state of rapid convalescence for several days, and possess much more strength than could be expected by those who have not witnessed the effects of such remedies.

I cannot conclude this short communication to my fellow citizens without expressing my obligations to my kind friends Dr. Rush and Dr. De Wees, for their affectionate and vigilant attendance upon me: Also to Dr. Cox and Dr. Otto, for their occasional and friendly visits; and to my pupils, Mr. May and Mr. Chalwill, for the singular tenderness and care with which they nursed me, night and day, during the whole of my illness.

PHILIP SYNG PHYSICK.

12th Sept. 1797.

From the Philadelphia Gazette.

Mr. Brown,

As there are various exaggerated reports in circulation in the city, and as there is considerable alarm created in the Northern Liberties, relative to the existence and rage of the Yellow Fever on board of the frigate United States, we request that you will publish the following true statement:

One marine died on the morning of the 10th inst. one seaman was sent to the Hospital on the 11, and Mr. Lockwood, sailing master died on the morning of the 12th. Lieutenant M'Crea is in a state of convalescence, and we trust that in a few days he may be pronounced perfectly free from danger.

We feel no solicitude relative to the speedy and perfect establishment of health in the other three men on board, who are indisposed; no person has been attacked since Sunday morning, nor have we been able to ascertain one instance on board in which the disease can be traced with accuracy to have been communicated from one person to another. We hope from the regulations established, and from the purification of the frigate, that no new cases will occur, and that the alarm in the Northern Liberties, founded on exaggerated accounts, will subside.

JOHN GILLASPY, Surgeon.

JOHN C. OTTO,

Consulting Physician.

Frigate United States,

September 13.

FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE.

LONDON, July 15—16.

The disputes which have for some time existed between the courts of Berlin and Vienna seem to be approaching to a crisis. The sentence of the Aulic Council, by which certain claims of the king of Prussia have been set aside, the conclusion against the election of Cologne, and the emperor's order, and against the Imperial city of Nuremberg, form the ground of a proclamation issued by his Prussian majesty. It concludes with a determination to pay no attention to the sentence of the Aulic Council, and promises to protect the Imperial cities and others against any party whatever. This declaration is a complete defiance of the emperor as head of the German Body. It exhibits the king of Prussia as the rival of his power. If the determination of the Aulic Council is to be maintained, the pretensions of the court of Berlin must be defined by the force of arms. If it is given up, the constitution of the German Body is violated, and the weakness of the emperor confirmed. Perhaps this conduct of his Prussian majesty may be a step taken in order to the French republic to hasten the conclusion of a peace. Certainly the emperor would be ill able to assert his rights against the king of Prussia, while exposed to the hostilities of France; and on the other hand, in the pacific arrangements which take place, this very claim of the king of Prussia, now brought forward to influence the negotiation, may afterwards be made the subject of amicable settlement.

A company of patriots to the number of 1000 in the Valais, a frontier country of Switzerland, have taken an oath to live free or die in union with the Cisalpine republic.

Letters from St. Marino, dated on the 12th ult. mention, that some degree of aristocracy had always prevailed in the little republic, and that this had hitherto been supported by the neighboring powers. As that was, however, not at present the case, the people had now determined to regain their rights; and though they might have done this by convoking the general assembly, they preferred the more easy way, and presented a declaration to the council of sixty.

The council was occupied in deliberating on the subject, and there was every reason to believe their resolutions would be conformable to the wishes of the people.

Letters from Rome, of the 16th, say, that the Pope was then still alive, but that he had for some days lost the use of his speech, and the physicians no longer prescribed for him, but only paid him visits of ceremony. Plus the sixth is at the moment of his death aged 81, and nothing but good constitution could have enabled him to support the daily fits of apoplexy with which he has been attacked. The greatest alarms prevailed at Rome respecting his successor, as the cardinals had fled, and it would be impossible to assemble a Conclave. It was even doubted whether he would not be the last Pontiff, and whether Rome would not be republished as well as the rest of Italy, as the cardinals were packed up in some of the principal streets of Rome, inscribed, "My kingdom is not of this world."

July 18—19.

On Monday Lord Bridport, with the fleet under his command, sailed for Torbay.

A letter from the Hague, dated July 8, says, "All the troops destined on the intended expedition are now embarked, and we understand that the fleet is to set sail in eight or ten days. Rumor says, that gen. Hoche is to command the troops who are to embark at Dunkirk."

July 23.

Mr. Major is the messenger who was dispatched on Thursday evening with the answer of the British cabinet to the contre-projet of the French Directory.

In the higher circles, it is reported the Earl of Hardwicke will shortly succeed as viceroy in Ireland; a designation wherein his lordship's character and abilities will reflect credit upon administration.

General Clerke, we are informed by respectable authority, is the son of a tradesman in Kilkenny, in Ireland, the tenant of a gentleman now in England. Before the revolution he was an ensign in the duke of Fitz-james's regiment of the Irish brigade: being a lively dashing young man, fit for their purposes, the Directory sent him plenipotentiary to Vienna, at the period of Lord Malmesbury's mission to Paris, and he has lately been a negotiator with his holiness the Pope—such are the vicissitudes of fortune in this extraordinary period.

The state of Portugal in 1766, one of the best works of our days, having been much sought after lately, and now not to be had in London, a hint has been given to General Dumourier at Hamburg, and a splendid new edition, with continuations, notes, &c. is advertised by the author. The original copy was sold for three shillings and sixpence, the new edition will be near a guinea. We cannot regret, however, that the whimsical taste of those who value books not for their contents, but their exterior brilliancy, will aid a genius in distress, and one of the best writers in Europe.

His Majesty invited Lord Howe on Wednesday, in a very pressing manner, to spend three or four days with him at Windsor, which invitation was accepted by his Lordship.

The plays at Botany Bay, it has been observed, are all *raft* with much strength. How can it otherwise be considered, when it is recollected that the *Dramatis Personae* consists of well known tried performers, and who have long boasted much ability in their line. We need not add, that the audience are completely transported.

A subscription has been raised by the inhabitants of Yarmouth, for the laudable purpose of rewarding the loyalty of the people belonging to the ship Venerable and Adamant, which were the only two belonging to the North Sea fleet that took no part in the late mutiny. The sum collected will amount to near eleven pounds a man.

A French row-boat captured a small vessel within sight of Dover yesterday morning. Three cutters immediately put to sea in pursuit of her; but she out-sailed them, and got safe with her prize under the French batteries.

A fleet of merchantmen was to sail from Lisbon for England about the 9th inst. under convoy of the Inconstant frigate, and a sloop of war. The Raven sloop of war is to sail for England at the same time, and is to convoy to the British shore the very rich Manillaman, taken from the Spaniards.

Lord St. Vincent being lately informed that several of the Spanish sailors, who had been taken by him in the late engagement with the fleet under Cordova, and liberated on their parole, on condition of not serving

in any manner during the course of the war against England, were actively employed in preparing the Spanish fleet for sea, and that some of these were serving on board their ships, he sent to Maffredo, to tell him, that if any of these men so employed were taken in arms, they would be treated in the severest manner prescribed by the laws of war.

Commodore Philips has been dispatched with eight fail of the line, of which five are Portuguese, to cruise off the freights of Gibraltar, with the view of preventing the French ships which sailed from Toulon from coming out of the Mediterranean.

A letter from on board Admiral Duncan's fleet, dated the 15th inst. states that a flag of truce had been sent into the Texel, in consequence of the Dutch having captured one of our fishing boats, which was afterwards recaptured by the Ganges. The admiral complained of this conduct on the part of the enemy's cruisers, and threatened to retaliate, if it were tolerated by the Dutch commander. He received a very polite answer, through one of the Dutch captains, who came on board his ship, to assure him it was not their intention to encourage such practices.

Great preparations appear to be making in the Texel for the sailing of the armament in the harbour, but the transports still lie in the inner basin, where there are also several large merchant ships, supposed to be Indianen. There are said to be seventy five thousand men in the neighbourhood of Amsterdam. The British fleet now form a line at the mouth of the Texel, determined to attack the enemy whenever they may come out. The utmost order and subordination prevail on board every ship.

The Westmoreland, Jamaica packet, on her outward bound voyage, fell in with a cutter privateer of 18 guns, and, after engaging her for a considerable time, obliged her to sheer off in a very damaged condition.

A Court Martial on the mutineers of the Montague commenced at Portsmouth, on Thursday, on board the Hector, in the harbour.

The mutineers of the above ship are now on trial on board the Cambridge, of 80 guns. J. Cole, quarter-master, was brought before the court on Wednesday, and wished to be admitted to King's evidence, but from his account of the proceedings on board the Saturn, and various other circumstances, it is supposed he will be tried with the rest of the mutineers.

That our readers may form some idea of the importance of the trade of Jamaica, we subjoin the following account of its produce brought by the last fleet, and entered at the custom-house:—

16,474 hogheads, 2,198 tierces, and 301 barrels of sugar—4340 puncheons, and 208 hogheads of rum—4,159 cwt. coffee—474 bags ginger—494 bags pimento—600 tons of logwood—148 ditto sullic—and 16 do. lignum vitæ.

By this day's Mail.

NEW-YORK, September 13.

It is said that General Kosciuszko is arrived in town.

Yesterday was married at Richmond Hill, by the Right Rev. the Bishop of New-York, WILLIAM PALMER, Esq. Captain in the 18th regiment of British Dragoons, to Miss AUGUSTA TEMPLE, daughter of Sir John Temple, Baronet, his Britannick Majesty's Consul General to the United States of America.

PARIS, July 21.

Truguet has received a letter from the directory, acquainting him, that it was with the utmost concern they saw themselves obliged to remove him from a station he had filled with as much zeal as abilities, and that as a reward for his services, he might demand any other place he chose. Truguet returned a short and noble answer, informing the directory that he should ask no other favor but oblivion and repose.

As for Cochon, it is difficult to withdraw from a public station with more glory than he has done. The directory, on intimating to him his dismissal, requested him to assist with his knowledge and experience his unexperienced successor, since they were fully convinced that a man who had given so many pledges of his attachment to the revolution, would certainly give this new proof of patriotism.

Cochon, in compliance with this request, held two conferences with his successor Lenoir Laroche, wherein the latter learned more in point of police than he ever had thought of before.

Tiriet, head clerk in the department of police, a man generally respected for his talents and probity, has given in his resignation. He is succeeded by Mathieu, ex-member of the convention and of the ci-devant committee of general welfare, and president of the revolutionary tribunal of the 17th of August.

Rumor says, that Legarde, secretary of the directory, will be dismissed, and succeeded either by Honore Biout, author of the "Memoires d'un Detenu," (Memoirs of a Prisoner), or by Benjamin Constant.

General Hoche not having yet attained the age requisite for a minister of state, Pétiet remains at the head of the war department.

The present ministers of finances and justice are, we understand, to be replaced by Montequiou and Vieillard, late national accuser at Vendome.

Buonaparte has issued a proclamation, addressed to his army, which throws some light on the alarming circumstances wherein we find ourselves. It is as follows: Buonaparte, general chief of the army of Italy.

"SOLDIERS,

"This day we celebrate the anniversary of the 14th of July. You see before you the names of our brethren in arms, slain in the field of honor for the liberty of our country. They have set you the example;

it is for you to secure the happiness of 30 millions of Frenchmen; it is for you to preserve unfulfilled the glory of that name; which you have rendered more illustrious by your triumphs.

"Soldiers, I know you are deeply moved by the misfortunes which threaten our country; but the country cannot run any danger. The men who made her triumph over coalheated Europe still exist. Mountains separate us from France, but in case of need, you will pass them with the rapidity of the Eagle, to maintain the constitution, defend liberty, and protect both the government and the republicans.

"Soldiers, government watches over the execution of the laws entrusted to its care. The royalists will perish the very moment they make their appearance. Be without uneasiness, and let us swear by the names of the heroes who have fallen by our side in the defence of liberty; let us swear, under our new banners, eternal war against the enemies of the republic, and of the constitution of the third year.

(Signed) "BUONAPARTE."

LONDON, July 22.

His majesty's armed cutter Telemachus, commanded by lieutenant Newton, has taken La Hardi French privateer logger, of 4 carriage guns and 30 men, and retaken two merchant brigs captured by her, and carried them into Portsmouth.

The trial cutter, lieut. Garret, has captured le Courier de la Mer, a French privateer of 12 guns and 21 men, and retaken a brig captured by her and carried them to Spithead.

The Hind revenue cutter, of Falmouth, has captured and sent into that port L'Incrovable French privateer, of two carriage guns and 21 men, and also retaken a sloop captured by her.

July 28.

The Spanish fleet is in the same predicament with the Dutch, and durst not venture out. What a mortification this is to the French republic and its allies! Commodore Phillips, in the Swiftsure, of 74 guns, and 5 Portuguese ships, watches the Gut of Gibraltar.

Yesterday morning, at 10 o'clock, Mr. Brookes, a king's messenger, arrived in town with dispatches from lord Malmesbury at Lille. He left that place on Tuesday afternoon at four o'clock, reached Calais at four the next morning, and embarked in an open boat; but the tide being adverse, he returned, and re-embarked in the Prince of Wales Packet, and arrived at Dover at one o'clock yesterday morning.

As soon as circular letters could be sent round to the ministers, the cabinet met, and sat near two hours. There will be another meeting this day.

Late last night we received the Paris Gazettes down to the 23d inst. inclusive. Strange to say, they contain no one article, not even surmise, respecting the progress of the negotiation at Lille; the most certain proof this, of the secrecy with which it is conducted. There are some very long observations on the difficulties that arose in forming the new Administration, and that Barthelmy and Carnot publicly protested against several of the new nominations. There was a division in the Directory on each nomination of 3 to 2, excepting in the persons of Truguet and Delacroix, for whose dismissal all the Directors were of one opinion. It is understood that Ramel and Merlin will also be dismissed; the former is to be succeeded by Montesquieu. "If this change really takes place, says the Royalist Journal La Quotidienne, our fears ought to cease respecting the hostile disposition of the Directory." Hoche appears not of sufficient age to accept the place of Minister of War. He is only 29 years of age, and the Constitution requires he should be 30. Pétiet, the former Minister, has been requested to continue in his former situation, and the Directory is much praised for this proof of its concession to the public opinion. Previle Le Pellay is arrived at Paris from Lille, and has entered on his new office for the marine department. Talleyrand Perigord is reported to have very pacific dispositions. Having lost his character in the early part of the French Revolution, he cannot so effectually retrieve it as by facilitating a general peace for Europe.

Two of the deputies, Willot and Quirot, attended by Pichegru and Tallot, as seconds, have been out to fight a duel in the Bois de Boulogne, but were prevented by the interposition of the police.

The most marked ill humour manifests itself on all occasions in the council of Five Hundred, where the members have entered a very violent protest, and called the Directory to account for having dared to order the march of the troops of the line nearer to Paris than the constitution permits. The Directory was necessitated to shelter itself, by throwing the blame on some unknown commissary, though there can be no doubt but it was itself which gave the order.

The address of general Buonaparte to this army is very interesting, as it proves that he acts in concord with the Directory, and is ready to march to his assistance.

No communication was at first permitted to take place between the people on board the packet which arrived early yesterday morning at Dover, and those on shore. The Paris papers were not allowed to be taken out for twelve hours after the landing of the messenger. The dispatches brought by him are kept a profound secret, even from persons who are very intimately connected with government.

From the LONDON GAZETTE.

ADMIRALTY-OFFICE, July 29, 1797.

Extract of a letter from the right hon. lord Bridport, K. B. admiral of the white, to Evan Nepean, Esq. dated on board his majesty's ship Royal George, at sea, July 24, 1797.

I acquaint you, for their lordships' information, that I this day joined the ships under the orders of Sir John D. Warren,

who has transmitted to me the inclosed letters and papers, which are copies of originals he sent to me at Turbay, which did not arrive there till after I had quitted the anchorage.

La Pomone, at sea, July 18, 1797.
My Lord,

I beg leave to acquaint your lordship, that in obedience to your command, I continued off Ushant with his majesty's squadron under my orders, consisting of the following vessels, (La Pomone, Artois, Anson, Sylph and Dolly cutter) until the 16th instant, when hearing the report of many guns to the southward, I stood round the west end of the Saints, and at day break in the morning of the 17th, I discovered a frigate, with a ship, corvette and brig, having fourteen sail of vessels under convoy, in Hodiern bay; eight of which were captured.

I am sorry to add, that the ship, corvette and brig escaped round the Penmarks, and the frigate, by cutting away her masts, and being otherways lightened, ran on shore; a brig laden with ordnance and naval stores, came to an anchor near her, where it was impossible for the Anson and Sylph to follow. The brig, however, was sunk, and the frigate (La Caliope) much damaged in her hull by the shot of the above mentioned ship, whose officers and men behaved with the greatest zeal and activity, which induces me to hope that the enemy will not be able to get her off, as the wind soon after changed to the south west, with a great swell upon the beach.

I was obliged to burn La Freedom, a large ship armée en flute, laden with squared timber, as the enemy had run her on shore at high water, and the crew, with their wounded, got away in their boats.

I have inclosed to your lordship a list of the vessels captured and destroyed on the 17th instant, with a return of the wounded on board his majesty's brig Sylph.

I have the honor to be, &c.
J. WARREN.

[A list of eight vessels, of different descriptions, (one of which is a transport laden with a large anchor, 6000lbs weight, a purchase crane, flour, bread, beef, pork, brandy, soldiers' clothing, &c.) taken—of two destroyed—and one (La Caliope frigate) run on shore, and a return of five seamen and a marine, belonging to the Sylph, wounded in engaging La Caliope, —here follow.]

La Pomone, at sea, July 24, 1797.
My Lord,

I have the satisfaction of acquainting your lordship, that I had an opportunity of seeing that La Caliope republican frigate, of thirty-six guns and two hundred and fifty men, that was left on shore on the 17th by the Anson and Sylph, is totally destroyed, having separated in the midship body, and part of her sunk. The crew are encamped near her to save such stores as may be driven on shore.

I am particularly indebted to captain White, of the Sylph brig, who having anchored with springs on his cable, within pistol shot of the said frigate on the above day, for some hours kept up an incessant and well directed fire, which was at every convenient opportunity returned by her.

I perceived likewise the wrecks of La Freedom, armée en flute, laden with timber, and the brig with ordnance, which were driven on shore the same day and destroyed.

I have the honor, &c.
J. WARREN.

The right hon. Lord BRIDPORT.

ADMIRALTY OFFICE, August 1.
The following dispatches have been received at this office, by E. Nepean, Esq.
Ville de Paris, off Cadix, July 5.

SIR,
I desire you will acquaint the lords commissioners of the admiralty, that the Terpsichore, with the Thunder Bomb, having a detachment of artillery on board, and the Urchin gun boat, from Gibraltar, joined on the 2d inst. and the night following, rear admiral Nelson having made his dispositions, the bomb, covered by the gun boat, launches, and barges of the fleet, was placed near the tower of San Sebastian, and fired some shells into the town, when an attempt was made by the gun boat and launches of the enemy to carry her. The rear admiral, who is always present in the most arduous enterprises, with the assistance of some other barges, boarded and carried two of the enemy's boats, and a large launch of one of their ships of war, with the commandant of the flotilla. In this short conflict 18 or 20 Spaniards were killed, the commandant and several wounded; he and 24 men made prisoners; the rest swam ashore. This spirited action was performed with considerable loss on our part, as per enclosed—1 killed and 20 wounded.] The launch of the Ville de Paris was sunk by a raking shot from the enemy's gun boats; but by the active intelligent mind of capt. Troubridge, got up yesterday morning, and repaired on board the Cullion.

Rear admiral Nelson's actions speak for themselves, any praise of mine would fall very short of his merit. I am, Sir, your most obedient humble servant,
J. JERVIS.

Evan Nepean, Esq.

THESE, July 4, 1797.

In obedience to your orders, the Thunder bomb was placed by the good commandment of lieutenant Gouly, her present commandant, assisted by Mr. Jackson, master of the Ville de Paris, who volunteered his able services, within 2500 yards of the walls of Cadix, and the shells were thrown from her with much precision, under the direction of lieutenant Baynes of the royal artillery; but unfortunately it was soon found that a large mortar was materially injured from its services; I therefore judged it proper for her to return under the protection of the Goliath, Terpsichore and Fox, who were kept under sail for that purpose, and for whose actual service I feel much obliged.

The Spaniards having sent out a great number of mortar gun boats and armed launches, I directed a vigorous attack to be made on them, which was done with such gallantry, that they were drove and pursued close to the walls of Cadix, and must have suffered considerable loss; and I have the pleasure to inform you, that two mortar

boats and an armed launch remained in our possession.

I feel myself particularly indebted for the successful termination of this contest to the gallantry of capt. Freemantle and Miller, the former of whom accompanied me in my barge, and to my coxswain, John Sykes, who in defending my person, is most severely wounded, as was capt. Freemantle, slightly in the attack; and my praises are generally due to every officer and man, some of whom I saw behave in the most noble manner, and I regret it is not in my power to particularize them. I must also beg to be permitted to express my admiration of Don Miguel Tyraon, the commander of the gun boats, in his barge; he laid my boat along side, and his resistance was such as to honor a brave officer, 18 of the 26 men being killed, and himself and all the rest wounded. Not having a correct list of the killed and wounded, I can only state that I believe 6 are killed and 20 wounded. I have the honor to be, Sir, your obedient servant,
(Signed) HORATIO NELSON.
Sir John Jervis, K. B.

Copy of a letter from the Earl of St. Vincent, commander in chief of his Majesty's ships and vessel employed on the Coast of Portugal, to Evan Nepean, Esq.
Ville de Paris, off Cadix, July 9.

SIR,
I enclose, for the information of the Lord's Commissioners of the Admiralty, letters I have lately received from capt. Elphinstone, of his Majesty's ship the Hamadryad, and the hon. Courtenay Boyle, commander of his Majesty's ship the Kangaroo, relating to the capture of some of the enemy's vessels.

My Lord,
I have the honor to inform your Lordship, that on my passage from Plymouth, with the Boyne transport under my convoy, in his Majesty's sloop Kangaroo, on the 22d inst. lat. 26. deg. 25 min. N. long. 7 deg. 12 min. W. I fell in with and captured, La Surprise French lugger Privateer of 47 tons, 6 guns, and 48 men; had been 6 days out of Croix (entrance of the Loire,) and made no capture.

I have further to inform your Lordship, that on the 3d inst. Cadix bearing E. by S. distance 27 leagues, I fell in with and captured La Purissima Concepcion, a lugger sent out from Cadix with a King's officer, and 9 men, under orders to cruise for a brig from the Havana, having dispatches for her.

I am, &c.
BOYLE.

The right hon. the lord of St. Vincent.

Hamadryad, in Gibraltar Bay, July 13, 97.

SIR,
In obedience to your orders, I proceeded to sea on the 29th of June, light airs and a strong current let us a little to the eastward. On the 30th I fell in with 2 Xebecs, one of which we took, and the other, which was a Spanish privateer, we drove on shore; the crew of the former made their escape. After seeing her safe into Gibraltar, yesterday morning, I stretched across to Ceuta, and at 2, A. M. I fell in with and captured L'Action French cutter privateer of 6 guns, coppered, and 30 men. I have anchored, for the sole purpose of putting the prisoners on board the prison ship, and getting my people out of the prize, add shall weigh again in a few hours.

I have the honor to be &c.
THO. ELPHINSTONE.

Admiral Sir John Jervis, K. B.

Copy of another Letter from the Earl of St. Vincent to Evan Nepean, Esq.
Ville de Paris, off Cadix, July 10.

SIR,
I desire you will acquaint the Lords Commissioners of the admiralty, that Rear Admiral Nelson ordered a second bombardment of Cadix, on the night of the 5th, under the direction of Captain Bowen, of the Terpsichore, capt. Miller of the Thebeus, and capt. Waller, of the Emerald; and appointed Mr. Jackson, master of the Ville de Paris, to place the Thunder, Terror, and Strombolo, and that the bombardment produced considerable effect in the town, and among the shipping. Ten sail of the line, among them the ships carrying the flags of admirals Mazzaredo and Gravina, having warped out of the range of shell with much precipitation the following morning; and it is with great satisfaction I inform you, that this important service was effected with very little loss on our side—[3 killed. 11 wounded.] The Rear admiral directed another operation on the night of Saturday the 8th, under his own direction; but the wind blew so strong down the Bay, he could not get his bomb vessels up to the point of attack in time.

Mr. Hornsley, master of the Sea Horse, distinguished himself in a very remarkable manner.

J. JERVIS.

RATISBON, July 12.

Already the Austrians are making great preparations to open the campaign against the Prussians. A new corps, consisting of 10,000 men from the armies of the Upper and Lower Rhine, who were cantoned between Frankfort and Heilbron, are marching into the environs of Wurzburg; the troops encamped in the Upper Palatinate are reinforced; the fortresses of Ingolstadt, Ulm and Wurzburg, are fortifying with all possible dispatch, so that the Prussian possessions in Franconia are surrounded on all sides. The Prussian cabinet, foreseeing this threatened danger, have marched a corps of 10,000 men, who are now in the Duchy of Magdeburg, in the circle of Franconia. We are assured that the celebrated general Kalkreuth is going to that part of the country.

BOSTON, September 9.

Immediately on its being known by the British commanding officer, on the Ameri-

can station, that a French privateer was on the coast, he dispatched two sloops of war in quest of her.

A trial of a very interesting nature is before the supreme judicial court now sitting. Five very respectable citizens of the island of Nantucket, are indicted of having robbed the bank of that place, in June, 1795, of about 20,000 dollars. The trial came on, on Thursday, continued yesterday, and will not probably be concluded until Monday. The public mind is much engaged in the business; and the issue anxiously waited for.

PROVIDENCE, Sept. 9.
On Wednesday last was celebrated the anniversary commencement of Rhode Island College. The professional train was formed as usual, and at 10 o'clock moved to the Baptist meeting house. The following exercises, after a prayer by the President, were performed:

FORENOON.
Instrumental Music.
1. Salutatory address, and an oration on independence—by James Ervin.
2. An intermediate oration on independence—by John Simmons.
3. An intermediate oration, on the advantages resulting from the study of history—by Nathan Holman.
4. An oration, on the importance of education to the union of republican governments—by Richard George.

AFTERNOON.
Vocal Music.
5. An intermediate oration, on the present prosperity of the United States—by John Baldwin.
6. A dissertation on war—by Horatio G. Bowen.

7. A dispute on this question: "Whether it would be more advantageous for mankind, if the earth should produce her fruits spontaneously?"—between Liberty Bates and Nathan Carey.
8. An oration on the love of glory—by Abijah Draper.

9. A poem—by Paul Dodge.
10. A dissertation on the prospects of America—by Horace Everett.
11. An oration, on the infallibility of the understanding—by John Sablin.

AFTERNOON.
Vocal Music.
12. A dissertation, on the pleasures of imagination—by Francis Howard.
13. A dialogue: "The world's infectious?"—between Liberty Bates, Paul Dodge, Francis Howard, Samuel Ervin, and John Witherspoon.

14. An intermediate oration, on the love of power, considered as a principle of action—by Calvin Park.

15. An oration, on the necessity of maintaining the dignity of the United States—by Jarius Ware.

AFTERNOON.
Instrumental Music.

1. An oration on the advantages of mental improvement—by Drury Fairbank.
2. An oration, on the indignities offered America by France—by Samuel Ervin.

3. A dispute, on this question: "Does the light of nature afford evidence that God will pardon sin?"—between Abel Richmond, William Collier, and Joseph B. Cook.

Vocal Music.
4. An oration, on oratory—by John Witherspoon.

5. A conference, on education—between Horatio G. Bowen, Horace Everett, Drury Fairbank, and Jarius Ware.

6. An oration, on the necessity of political union at the present day—by Paul Allen, jun. candidate for the second degree.

7. An oration, on the propriety of introducing the science of jurisprudence into a course of classical education—by Samuel W. Bridgman, candidate for the second degree.

Vocal Music.
The degree of bachelor in the arts was conferred on the following young gentlemen, Alumni of the college: Benjamin Allen, John Baldwin, Liberty Bates, Horatio G. Bowen, Nathan G. Bowen, Joseph Bullen Cook, Paul Dodge, Abijah Draper, James Ervin, Samuel Ervin, Horace Everett, Drury Fairbank, Richard George, Nathan Holman, Francis Howard, Job Morton, Calvin Park, Abel Richmond, John Sablin, John Simmons, Jarius Ware, and John Witherspoon.

The degree of master in the arts was conferred on the following young gentlemen, Alumni of the college: Jeremiah Bailey, Samuel W. Bridgman, Paul Allen, jun. John Miles, John P. Little, Joseph Rawson, John W. Richmond, and Samuel Watton.

The degree of Bachelor in the Arts was conferred on Horace Binney, an Alumnus of Harvard College.

The honorary degree of Bachelor of Arts was conferred on the rev. Clark Brown, of Machias. The honorary degree of master of arts was conferred on the rev. Isaac Backus, of Middleborough. The degree of Divinity was conferred on the rev. Hezekiah Smith, of Haverhill. The degree of doctor of laws was conferred on John Adams President of the United States.

An address was then delivered to the Graduates by the President.

8. An Oration in defence of Revelation, together with the valedictory address—by Benjamin Allen.

A prayer by the rev. Dr. Hitchcock, concluded the exercises of the day, which were highly gratifying to a numerous assembly. The vocal and instrumental music (performed with much animation and great musical accuracy, by a circle of ladies and gentlemen of the town) merited and received the highest applause, and gave a zest to the truly pleasurable scene.

The Corporation, at their meeting on the 7th inst. appointed Samuel Eddy, Esq. a Trustee of the College; and Benjamin Allen, one of the Graduates, a Tutor of the College.

We are assured from the best authority, under yesterday's date, that no new case of the Fever had occurred at Bristol; and that there is good reason to believe it will wholly disappear in a few days.

Excellent Bourdeaux Brandy
Bottle date. Closed in this
Just received, and for Sale by
Randle & Leach.

TO BE SOLD VERY CHEAP!
A Light WAGGON almost new, with a frame and a pair of harness (English collars) has never been offered—price 90 Dollars.
A Horse 16 hands high, seven years old—and a new chair, with a falling top and harness—\$40.
Enquire No. 331, Market-street.
August 24.

THE GAZETTE.
PHILADELPHIA,
THURSDAY EVENING, September 14.

Extract of a letter from our correspondent in New-York, dated 12 o'clock yesterday.

"We have just received London advices to Aug. 5—New obstacles arise to peace—no hopes of it—France in commotion—troops are marching from the Rhine towards Paris—Buonaparte has proposed marching to France—The Dutch fleet, in our last papers, is said to be out."

CITY HOSPITAL REPORT,
From the 13th to 14th Sept. in the morning.

Admitted, since last report,
Samuel Ogle—Capt. Allen's
Lyman Cady—Kamerer's, No 24, North Third-street
Jacob (a Mulatto)—White Swan, Race-street
Molly Roberts—Gregory's, South-street
John M'Farland—No. 50, Race-street
Mary Meglone—corner of Water and Christian-streets
Margaret M'Elwee—Capt. Moore's, Penn-street
George Wilkins—South, between Front and Second-street
Joseph Arned—Philadelphia frigate, below Drawbridge
Rachel M'Intosh—Drawbridge

Died, since last report,
Jane M'Farland, admitted 11th
Hannah Jackson, 12th
Samuel Bell, 9th
Anne Jane Fottrill 4th

Remaining last Report 55
Admitted since, 10
Discharged 65
Died 4

Remain in Hospital, {Convalescents 14 } 61
Interred in City Hospital burying ground since last report:—
From the city and suburbs 1
From the city hospital 4
Total 5
STEPHEN GIRARD,
CALEB LOWNES,
JOHN CONNELLY.

Published by order of the Board,
JAMES OLDDEN,
Chairman pro. tem.

The sick at the Hospital being in need of shirts, shifts and other linens, such benevolent persons as are disposed to send any, will please to leave them at the City Hall.—Oat straw is also much wanted, and will be thankfully received at the Hospital, and paid for if required.

Totals of burials for 24 hours, ending yesterday at noon.
St. Paul's 2 Adults
Third Presbyterian 1
Christ 1 Child
St. Mary's 1
German Lutheran 1
Baptist 1
Potter's Field 1
City Hospital* 8
Total 14 4
* Four of these from the city.

in the Pennsylvania hospital, last evening, MANUS M'GEE: His death was occasioned by the falling of a spar on his head, a few days ago, which fractured his skull. His parents are poor people, and live in the neighborhood of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania. C.

Major Cushing is appointed Adjutant General of the United States troops, vice Major Mills deceased.

It will be observed that Tallyrand Perigord is now minister for foreign affairs in the place of Charles De la Croix, who insulted Mr. Pinckney. Tallyrand has spent a year or two in the United States, and knows our policy. Our expected negotiations with France will determine whether he is a friend to the United States or not.—(Minerva.)

Extra 3. of a letter dated Baltimore, Sept. 11.
"We have the yellow fever worse than Philadelphia: we lay here mean the Point—there on Wednesday 7 died; on Thursday 8, Saturday 15; and I believe about 14 in different parts of the city, who caught it at the Point—know of 2 yesterday, and of 4 who took it on Thursday by going to see the frigate launched—knowing the danger I declined being a spectator."

Extract of a letter from a physician in Baltimore, dated September 12.
"I believe there is no doubt but the fever is as bad at Fell's Point as in any part of Philadelphia. Five or six persons have died in town who caught the fever at the Point; but there is no influence where it has been communicated in town from any person who took it at the Point; at least this is the general opinion of the physicians here."

The Gazette.

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Philadelphia, September 12 1797.
THOMAS MIFFLIN, Esq. Governor of the State of Pennsylvania.

SIR,
HAVING been appointed by you to carry into effect the law for alleviating the distresses of our fellow-citizens in this time of general calamity; and conceiving that the best method to pursue is to give publicity to our proceedings, as well for the purpose of procuring advice in time, as to prevent running into difficulties: Also, that you and your fellow citizens may be enabled to judge how far the money appropriated by law may reach, and means may be made use of in time, to provide in case the calamity should continue; These considerations induced the Board of Commissioners to enter into a resolution, that they would transmit to you a cursory statement of their proceedings weekly, expecting that proper allowance will be made with respect to accuracy, arising from the multiplicity of calls of attention that every member has, to the necessities of our suffering fellow-citizens.

From 4th to 9th instant, relieved two hundred and eighty four persons, chiefly head of families, with two hundred and sixty nine dollars and sixty five cents, besides a quantity of bread, account of cost not yet received.

About two hundred and fifty men were relieved by employment north and south on the roads, and to open the water courses in Southwark; so as to drain the stagnated waters off the low grounds, at 75 cents per day—add to the above, that provision is to be made, by this Board, for about two hundred people that have removed to the tents, which commenced the 10th instant, and great increase expected.—When you consider this is but the commencement of our business, you will readily conclude with us, that there is a probability the numbers and consequently expenses may increase, and probable double itself, before the calamity ceases.

Your letter of the 9th inst. has been attended to, likewise a conference held with the supervisors of Roxbury and Germantown. At present we find it difficult to obtain the consent of those men that have families to go so far from home, but in all probability we may be shortly able to draft as many single men as will answer the purpose: that, with every other communication from the governor, will meet with due attention.

That the Supreme Being may shortly put a period to the existing calamity, and restore health to our afflicted city, is the earnest solicitation of this Board.

ROBERT WHARTON, Chairman.

PRICES OF STOCKS,

Philadelphia, 8th Sept. 1797.
6 per Cent. 16/8
3 per Cent. 10/4
Deferred 6 per Cent. 13/4
BANK United States, 18 per cent. advance.
Pennsylvania, 21 do.
North America, 46 do.
Insurance Co. N. A. shares 45 to 50 do.
Pennsylvania, par

COURSE OF EXCHANGE.
On London, at 30 days par
at 60 days 65
at 90 days 62
Amsterdam, per guilders 40
90 days 42

PORT OF PHILADELPHIA.
No arrivals since our last.
The barque which was in sight from the Fort, has gone back to Chester.

Is hereby given to the inhabitants of the District of Southwark, that a meeting will be held at the Commissioners' room, on Friday evening the 15th inst. at 7 o'clock to take into consideration, a deed of measures for the protection of the property of our fellow citizens, from daring robbers.

JOHN FERROSE.
Sept. 14.

WANTED
Bills on Amsterdam, at a sight not exceeding sixty days, and with approved indorsers, to the amount of two hundred thousand guilders—For which, cost will be paid: the rate of thirty eight cents a guinea—Apply one to be made O George Simpson, Esq. Cashier of the Bank of the United States, 4 day.

The Health-Office
Is removed to the City-Hall, and is kept open night and day, where persons having business may apply.
Wm. ALLEN, Health-Officer.
Sept. 4.

NOTICE
THE Offices of the Department of War are for the present removed near to the Falls of the Schuylkill, on the Ridge Road.
September 4.

Post Office, September 5th, 1797.
The Post Office will be removed to-morrow at 3 o'clock, P. M. to Mr. Dunlap's Coach house, 12th street, between Market and Chestnut street, where merchants and others will please to send for their letters, as the letter carriers during the continuance of the present prevailing sickness will not be sent out.

MRS. GRATIAN
INFORMS her friends and the public in general, that her house, No. 102, Market-street, will continue open during the sickness.

Board and Lodging in a separate room, two dollars, in a double room, eight dollars.
For the convenience of those gentlemen who have no their families in town, Mrs. GRATIAN will receive gentlemen to dine at half a dollar a day.
August 29—4173

Genuine Balsam of Honey,
A Medicine invented by the late Sir John Hill (who knowledge as a Botanist procured him the appellation of the Linnaeus of Britain) and is considered in England as a certain cure for the above complaints; it is also of singular efficacy in the Hooping Cough.

It may also be had retail of W. A. STOKES, No. 61, South Second street, and T. STILES, 55, New Street, in bottles at 75 cents each.

Wm. GRIFFITHS having observed the happy effect of the medicine (several cases of cures having come within his own knowledge) and the great demand for it has induced him to order a large supply, a part of which he has just received.
August 3.

COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMAS, and CONSUMPTIONS.
Just received, by Wm. GRIFFITHS, No. 177, South Second street, a fresh supply of

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FIVE DOLLARS REWARD.

AN away from the subscriber, an indentured servant girl, named NANCY ANDERSON, about twenty years of age, short, thick set person, with short black hair; had on when she went away, a dark calico gown, an old black silk cloak, and a black for hair. Whoever will secure said girl, and give information thereof to the subscriber, No. 2, Greenleaf alley, or to the office of this Gazette, shall receive the above reward.

All persons are forbidden harboring said girl, as they will be dealt with as the law directs.

MARY ANDERSON.

N. B. Said Girl is from Ireland, and has been in this country but a short time; she was sent to the work-house for misconduct, where she was taken sick and removed to the city-hospital, from which place she made her escape.

August 30. cot

To be sold at Public Vendue.

To the highest bidder, at the house of Mr. William Evans, the sign of the Indian Queen, in the city of Baltimore, on the 25th day of October next, at 11 o'clock, A. M. About seven thousand acres of land, the property of William Bell, of Philadelphia, lying between Reister's-town and Westminster, commonly called Little Winchester, (the turnpike road runs through a considerable part of these lands), the tract begins about 17 miles from Baltimore, within a few hundred yards of said Reister's-town, and extends to the distance of about twenty-three miles from Baltimore, and lies on the main falls of Patapsco river, from three to four miles thereon. Will be sold in tracts of one hundred and fifty to three hundred acres. There is a large proportion of meadow and wood land on each tract, some of them highly improved, with excellent buildings and fine grills.

ALSO

A tract of seven hundred acres of land, called Clover Farms, within five miles of Bladensburg, esteemed very good for Grains. Richard Penfobny, of Bladensburg, will show this land to any person inclined to purchase.

ALSO,

A tract of land of about three hundred and thirty acres, within about two miles and a half of the President's house in the Federal City. It is nearly all wood land, and a fine high prospect, from which may be seen the city of Washington, Bladensburg, Alexandria and a part of George-town, and many miles down the Potomac river. Mr. Richard Penfobny, of Bladensburg, will also show this land. A liberal credit will be given for the greatest part of the purchase money. The terms will be made known on the day of sale.

May 8. w3m

Just Received,

From Batavia (via Providence),
A few Boxes of Spices, consisting of
Nutmegs, Cloves and mace
For sale by

WILLINGS & FRANCIS,

Penn-street.

may 30. dif

Davis's Law Book Store,

No. 319, High-street.

GEORGE DAVIS,

BEING buffed for some time past in preparations for removing into his present house, has been under the necessity of postponing until this day informing the gentlemen of the Bar generally thro' the United States, that his spring importation of law books is now arranged and ready for sale, on terms that he trusts will entitle him to the like preference he has experienced for several years past. Catalogues, combining the most varied collection ever imported into this country, are printed and will be delivered on application.

June 27. 23w 6w

City Commissioners' Office,

June 22, 1797.

IN pursuance of an ordinance from the select and common councils, passed the 22d day of May last, appointing the city commissioners, and preferring their duties, section 9th.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

That the city is divided into five districts, each to be under the superintendence of one of the city commissioners, who is to be individually responsible for the cleanliness of the same, and are as follows:

1. From the fourth side of Cedar-street, to the north side of Spruce-street, under the superintendence of Nathan Boys.

2. From the north side of Spruce-street, to the north side of Walnut-street, under the superintendence of Hugh Roberts.

3. From the north side of Walnut-street to the fourth side of High-street, under the superintendence of Joseph Claypoole.

4. From the north side of High-street, to the north side of Mulberry-street, under the superintendence of William Moulder.

5. From the north side of Mulberry-street to the north side of Vine-street, under the superintendence of Nicholas Hicks.

The cleaning of High-street to be in common.

A stated meeting of the city commissioners is held at the Old Court House, in High-street, every Tuesday evening at 5 o'clock.

July 14. cotm

Stands for Draymen, &c.

In pursuance of an Ordinance from the select and common councils, bearing date the 22d day of April, 1797, providing for the appointment of City Commissioners, &c. Sec. the 15th.

The following places are fixed upon by the said City Commissioners for Stands for Draymen and their Horses.

In Vine-street, eastward of Front-street, on both sides.

Saffras, High, Chestnut and Walnut-streets, eastward of Front-street, on the north side only.

Mulberry-street, south side from Front to Third-street.

Front-street, east side from Vine-street to Elfrith's alley.

Front-street, from opposite to Black Horse-alley to Hamilton's street, east side.

Water-street, west side from the north end of Stomper's or Moore's place to Pine-street.

Penn-street from Pine to Cedar-street, west side.

Drawbridge, north side, east of Front-street.

Spruce, Pine and South streets, east of Front-street, fourth side.

Dock-street, between Walnut-street and the Bag House crossings, east side, opposite George Orkley's.

Second-street, between Saffras and Vine streets, west side.

Fifth-street, east side from Chestnut to Mulberry streets.

Saffras-street, from Third to Fourth-street, east side.

No dray or horse to stand within ten feet of any pump.

STANDS FOR HACKNEY COACHES.

Pine-street, north side from Fourth to Fifth streets.

Fifth-street, between Chestnut and Walnut streets, well.

Branch-street, north side, between Third and Fourth streets.

July 14. mw&fm

A Literary Treat.

Just published, handsomely printed on corving paper, price 1 dollar,
A new edition of that popular and entertaining work, entitled

THE FORESTERS, an American Tale; being a sequel to the history of John Bull, the Clothier. In a series of letters to a friend, with the addition of two letters, alluding to recent political transactions in America.

The following extract from the Clavis Allegorica, shews the principal characters that are introduced:

John Bull, the Kingdom of England

His Mother, the Church of England

His Wife, the Parliament

His Sister Peg, the Church of Scotland

His Brother Patrick, Ireland

Lewis, the Kingdom of France

His Mistress, the Old Constitution

His new Wife, the National Representation

Lord Strat, the Kingdom of Spain

Nicholas-Frog, the Dutch Republic

The Franks, the French Republic

The Foresters, the United States of America

Robert Lumber, New-Hampshire

John Codline, Massachusetts

Humphrey Plowshare, Connecticut

Roger Carrier, Rhode Island

Peter Bull Frog, New-Jersey

Julius Caesar, New-Jersey

William Broadbrim, Pennsylvania

Cassimar, Delaware

Walter Pipewood, Virginia

His Grandson, George Washington

Peter Pitch, North Carolina

Charles Indigo, South Carolina

George Trully, Georgia

Ethan Greenwood, Vermont

Hunter Longknife, Kentucky

Black Cattle, Negro Slaves

Rats, Speculators

Mother Carey's Chickens, Jacobins

This popular and entertaining satirical history of America is attributed to the Rev. Dr. BAC-

KNAP. It has a great share of originality and abounds with genuine humour. It is continued down to the present time, and characterises those late political transactions which have caused so much uneasiness in America.

Sold by H. and P. RICE, Bookeller, No. 16, South Second Street, and No. 30, Market Street.

June 26.

LAW BOOKS,

Latest London and Dublin Editions.

H. & P. RICE, Bookellers,

No. 16, South Second, and No. 30, Market Street.

HAVE just received by the late arrivals from London and Dublin, their spring importation, consisting of a variety of the latest and most approved Law Books, which, added to those already on hand, forms the most extensive collection ever offered for sale in this country. They therefore beg leave to notice, that from the nature of their connections in Dublin, they are enabled to sell Irish editions (as they have hitherto done) at the very lowest prices. The following are among the latest publications.

Vefey, jun's Reports in Chancery, 2 vols.

Peake's Cases at Nisi Prius; Ridgeway's Reports in the time of Lord Hardwicke & Floyer's Proctors Practice in the Ecclesiastical Courts; Barton's Treatise on a Suit in Equity; Tidd's Practice of the Court of King's Bench in Personal Actions, 2 parts complete; Ward's Law of Nations; Cruise on Uses; modern Reports, 12 vols. London edition.

H. and P. Rice expect to receive by the first arrival from New-York the 6th vol. complete of Durnford and East's Reports, the 2d part of Gilbert's Law of Evidence by Loft, and a number of new publications.

June 26.

The History of Pennsylvania,

By ROBERT PROUD,

is now in the press, and will be published, with all convenient expedition, by ZACHARIAH POULSON, jun. No. 80, Chestnut-street, Philadelphia, where subscriptions will continue to be received, and at the Philadelphia Library, according to the printed proposals, until the work is ready for the subscribers.

July 18. 23wtf

Printed Calicoes.

JOHN MILLER, Jun. & Co.

No. 8 Chestnut-street,

Have for Sale

FIFTY TRUNKS neatly assorted, very low on short credit.

March 6.

Richard and James Potter

HAVE removed their Counting House to No. 45, South Fifth-street.

August 2. w&fot

Lancaster, Harrisburgh Carlisle,

Shippensburg and Sunbury

STAGES.

THE public are requested to take notice, that the partnership which has for some time subsisted between Mathias Slough of Lancaster, and William Geer, is now dissolved: but, not as M. Slough insinuates to the public without just cause; as will more fully appear by a letter on the subject from M. Slough to W. Geer, dated the 29th December last: a recital of which is not now deemed necessary. Any gentleman who wishes to be more circumstantially informed of the merits of this business, by applying to W. Geer may have the perusal of M. Slough's letter, and then can be at full liberty to determine whether or not W. Geer is not perfectly justifiable in attaching himself to any other person in the prosecution of the Stage conveyance from Philadelphia to Shippensburg, or any other place.

Now from the liberal and generous support the public were pleased to confer on the first effort in this business, William Geer, in conjunction with Messrs. Reily, Weed and Witmer, is determined to prosecute and carry it on, with every care, attention and dispatch that a zeal to oblige the public can possibly exert.

The above company, who are amply provided with carriages, horses, and every appurtenance to render the passage safe and commodious, inform those who wish to patronize and encourage the undertaking, that they can take their seats at Market Street, the sign of the White Horse, on every Monday and Friday, to proceed to Lancaster, Harrisburgh, Carlisle and Shippensburg. The fare as hitherto established.

For the further accommodation of the public, a Stage will start every Wednesday from the house of Samuel Elder, in Harrisburgh, arrive at Sunbury in Northumberland county, every Thursday, and return from thence and arrive at Harrisburgh every Saturday, so that passengers desiring for Lancaster or Philadelphia, may proceed on Monday.

Lancaster, Jan. 27, 1797.

N. B. This Line of Stages starts from the house of William Ferree, in Lancaster, on every Tuesday and Saturday morning at 6 o'clock, proceeding to the westward; and from the house of Mr. Samuel Elder in Harrisburgh every Wednesday morning, on the same evening arrives at Patrick Cochran's in Shippensburg, and returns from thence on every Thursday; performing the same routine daily as in its tour from Philadelphia.

July 14. mw&fm

City of Washington.

SCHEME

Of the Lottery, No. II.

For the Improvement of the Federal City.

A magnificent dwelling-house 20,000 dollars, & cash 30,000, are

1 ditto 15,000 & cash 25,000 40,000

1 ditto 15,000 & cash 15,000 30,000

1 ditto 10,000 & cash 10,000 20,000

1 ditto 5,000 & cash 5,000 10,000

1 ditto 5,000 & cash 5,000 10,000

1 cash prize of 10,000 10,000

30 do. 5,000 each, are 150,000

10 do. 1,000 10,000

20 do. 500 10,000

100 do. 100 10,000

200 do. 50 10,000

400 do. 25 10,000

1,000 do. 10 20,000

15,000 do. 1 150,000

16,739 Prizes.

33,461 Blanks.

50,000 Tickets, at Eight Dollars, 400,000

N. B. To favour those who may take a quantity of Tickets, the prize of 40,000 dollars will be the LAST drawn ticket, and the 30,000 the LAST but one.

And approved notes, securing payment in either money or prizes, in ten days after drawing, will be received for any number not less than 30 tickets.

This Lottery will afford an elegant specimen of the private buildings to be erected in the City of Washington—Two beautiful designs are already selected for the entire fronts on two of the public squares; from these drawings it is proposed to erect two centre and four corner buildings as soon as possible after this lottery is sold, and to convey them, in the manner described in the scheme for the Hotel Lottery. A net deduction of five per cent. will be made to defray the necessary expenses of printing, &c. and the surplus will be made a part of the fund intended for the National University, to be erected within the city of Washington.

The real securities given for the payment of the Prizes, are held by the President and two Directors of the Bank of Columbia, and are valued at more than half the amount of the Lottery.

SAMUEL BLODGET.

50 Tickets may be had at the Bank of Columbia; of James West & Co. Baltimore; of Peter Gilman, Boston; of John Hopkins, Richmond; and of Richard Wells, Cooper's Ferry.

mwf

From the Osego Herald.

CAUTION.

WHEREAS a combination of men in this county have undertaken to enrich themselves, by fabricating titles to sundry valuable tracts of land, the property of gentlemen living in New York, Philadelphia, London and Paris, for which tracts of land large sums of money have been paid to those fraudulent men, by innocent purchasers. It is therefore just that public information should be given, to the end, that the injured may seek redress. Those who have been discovered are Truman Harrison, Joseph Witcomb, said now to reside in the county of Saratoga; Thomas Kelly and several others who go under fictitious names. It is supposed that the lands offered for sale on those fabricated titles, are at least worth fifty thousand dollars. Such as we have actual knowledge of are as follows: Lots No. 11 and 12, Osego patent, thousand acres each, the actual property of William Delwiny, now of London; lots No. 38 and 64, same patent, thousand acres each, the property of Mr. Chaumont, now of Paris, and James Averill and others, of this State. There is some ground to suppose that the lands of Richard Wells and Charles Wharton, of Philadelphia, are under their management.—The Printers will do well to give this place in their papers, as well to caution the public against purchasing those lands, as also to deprive those men in future from imposing on individuals, which their education and address have enabled them to do heretofore. Witcomb has been a shopkeeper of some note in this country.

The following affidavits will set in a clear point of view the wickedness of those men, which when the public have perused, will induce them to excuse the interference of Wm. COOPER.

Osego, July 28th, 1797.

I Thomas Kelly, of the County of Osego, having been led into an error, by John Witcomb and Truman Harrison, of the same County, to sign a deed to them, for lot No. 38, Osego patent, which was the property of William T. Franklin now Mr. Chamont's and others; and further the said Joseph and Truman did persuade me to do this against my inclination, which was made out on the 18th day of November, 1793, or set back two years so as to bring it to that time; and further the name of Pardon Starks to that deed was a fictitious name, there being no such person there. To this I make voluntary oath.

THOMAS KELLY.

On the 9th July, 1797, came personally before me, Thomas Kelly, the subscriber to the above affidavit, and made solemn oath that it contains nothing but the truth.

ELIHU PHINNEY, Justice of the Peace.

On the 18th July, 1797, came before me Jacob Kibby, a person by me well known and worthy of good credit, who on his solemn oath did say, that two of the parties abovementioned did make application to him this deponent, some time in the winter of 1796, to make them a deed for two thousand acres of land in the Osego patent, and promised this deponent a share of the profits, and that they made application several times for the same purpose, which services this deponent as often refused, declaring to them that he had no right to lands, and could do no such thing; which daring attempt on this deponent's integrity he had related among his friends several times, previous to making this affidavit.

JACOB KIBBY.

Sworn before me,

ELIHU PHINNEY, Justice of the Peace.

Aug. 3. 1awaw.

Thirty Dollars Reward.

ELOPED from the service of the subscriber, on the 19th instant, a negro man by the name of DICK, about twenty-five years of age, and five feet nine or ten inches high; by trade a carpenter, and is a very lively brisk workman. His countenance is very good.—When spoken to, he converges with ease and confidence, and is pretty sagacious. I purchased the said fellow of Mr. Dubney Minor, in whose name he has been advertised in the Richmond newspapers. During his last runaway trip (last summer) he was employed a considerable length of time, by some person near Dumfries, from which circumstance, I conjecture, he has taken another northern route. I forewarn all persons from giving him employment, of any kind whatever, and matters of vessels and others, from carrying him out of this State. The above reward will be given if he is taken within forty miles of this city; and an additional sum, in proportion to the distance he may be brought, or the trouble and expence the apprehender may be at, in bringing him to this place.

AUG. DAVIS.

N. B. His apparel was of the usual negro kind, but he had more cloaths than is customary for them to possess.

A. D.

Richmond, June 11, 1797.

Will be Landed,

From on board the Ship Active, Capt. BLAIR, from

Hamburg,

20 bales white Russia clean Hump

2 casks Clover Seed

For Sale by

Thomas Herman Leuffer,

North Fifth Street, No. 34.

June 26.

William Blackburn,

LOTTERY AND BROKER'S OFFICE

No. 64 South Second-street.

TICKETS in the Canal Lottery, No. II, which commenced drawing the 25th May, FOR SALE. The price of tickets will rise in proportion as the drawing advances, particularly on account of the five first drawn tickets, prizes of four thousand dollars each, on the last day of drawing.

Check Books kept for examination and registering, in the Canal, No. 2, City of Washington, No. 2, and Paterson Lotteries.

Also, tickets for sale in the Schuylkill bridge and Perfection Bridge lotteries, which will begin drawing in the course of the summer.

The business of a Broker in all kinds of Stock, Bills, Notes, Lands, &c. &c. transacted with the utmost attention.

June 2.

tu&f

Erskine's View of the War.

JUST PUBLISHED,

By ROBERT CAMPBELL & Co.

No. 40 South Second Street,

[Price 31 Cents]

A View of the Causes and Consequences of the present War with France.

By the Honorable THOMAS ERSKINE.

May 15.

STATE TRIALS.

Sold by W. YOUNG, Bookeller, No. 52, South Second-street.